BASELINE DOCUMENTATION REPORT Property Little Compton, Rhode Island



Prepared December 2007 by Carol Lynn Trocki for the Sakonnet Preservation Association

Author's Signature:					
Date:					

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Baseline Documentation Report Property

Little Compton, Rhode Island

Acknowledgement of Condition Statement	3
Background Information	5
Figure 1. Little Compton Tax Assessor's Plat 5	11
Figure 2. Class One Survey Plan	12
Figure 3. Location Map	13
Figure 4. Aerial Photo / Property Map	14
Figure 5. Landscape Context Map	15
Figure 6. USGS Topo Map	16
Figure 7. Soil Survey Map	17
Figure 8. Photo Point Map	18
Photo Point Description Sheet	19
Photographs	20
Appendix 1. Author's Curriculum Vitae	33

Acknowledgement of Condition Statement Baseline Documentation Report Property Little Compton, Rhode Island

The Grantor and the Grantee hereby certify that this Baseline Documentation Report is an accurate representation of the property, described in Exhibit "A" of the Conservation Easement (hereinafter referred to as the "Premises"), at the time of the conveyance of the Conservation Easement. This Baseline Documentation Report contains the following: Cover Page; Table of Contents; Acknowledgement of Condition Statement; Background Information; Little Compton Tax Assessor's Plat 5; Class Two Survey Plan; Location Map; Aerial Photo / Property Map; Landscape Context Map; USGS Topo Map; Soil Survey Map; Photo Point Map; Photo Point Description Sheet; and Photographs.

The Grantor further certifies that to the best of the Grantor's knowledge, there are no structures or improvements on the Premises other than as described in this Baseline Documentation Report, and no activities are conducted on the Premises which are inconsistent with the terms contained in the Conservation Easement.

	ne parties have executed this Baseline day of 2007.
WITNESS:	GRANTORS:
WITNESS:	GRANTEE: SAKONNET PRESERVATION ASSOCIATION
	By: Its: Address: <u>P.O. Box 945</u> Little Compton, RI 02837-0945

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND COUNTY OF NEWPORT

Inthen personally appeared	, on this	day of	, A.D. 2007,
then personally appeared		, to me known	and known by me to
be the party executing the	foregoing instrume	ent, and he acknowledge	ed said instrument,
by him so executed, to be			,
,		,	
		Notary Public	
		My Commission	n Expires:
STATE OF RHODE ISLA	AND		
COUNTY OF NEWPORT			
COUNTY OF INDIVIOUS	•		
In	on this	day of	. A.D. 2007.
Inthen personally appeared		to me known and known	wn by me to be the
party executing the forego	ing instrument, and	she acknowledged said	d instrument, by her
so executed, to be her free	_	_	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	,	
		Notary Public	
		My Commission	n Expires:
STATE OF RHODE ISLA	AND	·	1 -
COUNTY OF NEWPORT	Γ		
In	, on this	day of	, A.D. 2007,
then personally appeared SAKONNET PRESERVA			of the
SAKONNET PRESERVA	ATION ASSOCIAT	TON, to me known and	I known by me to be
the party executing the for			
him/her so executed, to be	his/her free act and	d deed in his/her said ca	apacity and the free
act and deed of said SAKO	ONNET PRESERV	ATION ASSOCIATIO	N, before me,
		Notary Public	
		Printed Name:_	
		My Commission	n Expires:_

BASELINE DOCUMENTATION REPORT

Background Information Property Little Compton, Rhode Island

LOCATION OF PROPERTY:

Street Addresses:

Municipality: Little Compton

County: Newport

State: Rhode Island

Plat/Lot Information: Lots 41, 27, and a portion of Lot 21 of Little Compton Tax

Assessor's Plat 5 (Figure 1)

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION:

Acreage: $24.80 \text{ acres } \pm \text{(Figure 2)}$

Prior Land Uses: Based on the examination of historic aerial photography, it appears that the majority of the Premises were used for agricultural purposes until sometime after 1939. In 1939 aerial photos, the earliest for the State, most of the Premises are cleared for agriculture with only the westernmost portion in shrub habitat. Aerial photographs from 1962 show almost the entire Premises to be vegetated. The Premises appear to have been maintained in a condition similar to today since the 1970s.

Current Land Uses: Currently, the Premises are owned by Christopher T. and Wendy S. Born and exist in an undeveloped state. The Premises contain mainly deciduous scrubshrub swamp and wet meadow habitat, with some forested, marsh, and open water areas and several small upland patches.

Proposed Future Uses: It is the purpose of the Conservation Easement to assure that the Premises will be retained forever in its open, natural, scenic, agricultural and undeveloped condition and to prevent any use of the Premises that will significantly impair or interfere with the conservation values of the Premises.

Conservation Values:

The Premises are located in Little Compton, Rhode Island on West Main Road between Church's Lane and Taylor's Lane (Figures 3, Figure 4). The Premises contain mainly deciduous scrub-shrub swamp and wet meadow habitat, with some forested, marsh, and

open water areas and several small upland patches. The Premises are surrounded by wetland to the north and west. To the southwest are wetland, pastureland, and medium-density residential housing. To the south, east, and northeast are additional medium-density residential housing and agricultural land.

Approximately 412 acres of conservation land exist within one mile of this property, including: 165 acres protected by the Little Compton Agricultural Conservancy Trust (LCACT), 139 acres protected by The Nature Conservancy, 47 acres protected by LCACT and the Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management, 48 acres protected by the Sakonnet Preservation Association (SPA), and 13 acres protected by the Town of Little Compton (Figure 5).³

Topography

Elevations range from just over 15meters to just over 21meters above sea level, with the lowest elevations in the central, wettest portions of the Premises. The total elevational change is approximately 20 feet over 1500 feet of ground (Figure 6).

Soils

According to the Rhode Island Soil Survey, the Premises contain two different soil types: Stissing silt loam (Se, 11.3 acres), and Mansfield mucky silt loam (Ma, 13.5 acres)(Figure 7).⁴

Stissing soils are nearly level, poorly drained hydric soils with medium through extreme acidity, moderate to slow permeability, and a seasonal high water table at or near the surface. These soils are poorly suited to community development without extensive filling, but can be suitable for agricultural uses, although drainage is often required. These soils can also provide valuable wetland wildlife habitat. Stissing soils are recognized as Soils of Statewide Importance for Agriculture in Rhode Island.⁵

Mansfield soils are also nearly level and very poorly drained hydric soils, with medium through extreme acidity, moderate to slow permeability, and a seasonal high water table at or near the surface. These soils are poorly suited to community development, or agricultural uses, but can provide valuable wetland wildlife habitat.

Agricultural Resources

Although much of the Premises are currently vegetated and extremely wet, approximately 46% are classified as having Soils of Statewide Importance for Agriculture. Historically, the majority of the Premises were used for agricultural purposes. Currently, approximately 4 acres of the Premises are maintained as field habitat. Agricultural lands lie adjacent to the Premises to the southeast and are an important component of the surrounding landscape.

_

³ Rhode Island Geographic Information Systems, RIDEM Conservation Lands Datalayer, 4/2007.

⁴ Rhode Island Soil Survey, United States Department of Agriculture in cooperation with the Rhode Island Agricultural Experiment Station, 1981.

⁵ Rhode Island Soil Survey, United States Department of Agriculture in cooperation with the Rhode Island Agricultural Experiment Station, 1981.

Water Resources

The entire Premises are located within the Sakonnet River sub basin of the Narragansett Bay drainage basin, and drain to the Sakonnet River at Church Cove, approximately 0.75 miles southwest. The Premises are mapped to contain approximately 17.3 acres of wetlands, but field observations indicate that this may be an underestimate. The Premises contain deciduous forested wetland, scrub-shrub swamp, and emergent wet meadow. Several perennial streams run through the Premises, some of which have been relocated historically, presumably during drainage efforts to promote agriculture.

Wildlife Habitat/Conservation Resources

The Premises contain several natural community types, including most prominently, Red Maple Swamp, Deciduous Shrub Swamp, Wet Meadow, Phragmites / Cattail Marsh and a small patch of Oak-Holly Forest. Invasive shrub habitat prevails over much of Lot 41 and 27, wherever drier conditions exist. Wetland areas display characteristic mound and pool microtopography.

A single visit to the Premises was conducted on December 13, 2007. During this site visit the following species were observed:

FAUNA

Birds

Blue Jay (*Cyanocitta cristata*)
Black-capped Chickadee (*Poecile atricapilla*)
Song Sparrow (*Melosoiza melodia*)
White-throated Sparrow (*Zenotrichia albicollis*)
Northern Cardinal (*Cardinalis cardinalis*) – nest observed

White-tailed Deer (*Odocoileus virginianus*) – by track Coyote (*Canis latrans*) – by track

FLORA (Species recognized by the Rhode Island Invasive Species Council are shown in bold.)

Common Name	Latin Name
American Holly	Ilex opaca
Asian Bittersweet	Celastrus orbiculatus
Aster	Aster spp.
Autumn Olive	Elaeagnus umbellata
Bluejoint Grass	Calamagrostris canadensis
Buttonbush	Cephalanthus occidentalis
Cat-tail	Typha latifolia
Common Privet	Ligustrum vulgare

-

⁶ Rhode Island Geographic Information Systems, Wetlands Datalayer, RIDEM, 1989.

⁷ Enser, R. W. and J. A. Lundgren. 2006. Natural Communities of Rhode Island. A joint project of the Rhode Island Dept. of Environmental Management Natural Heritage Program and The Nature Conservancy of Rhode Island. Web published by R.I. Natural History Survey, Kingston, RI. www.rinhs.org.

Common Reed	Phragmites australis
Dock	Rumex spp.
Fox-Grape	Vitis labrusca
Goldenrod	Solidago spp.
Greenbrier	Smilax rotundifoia.
Highbush Blueberry	Vaccinium corymboum
Ironwood	Capinus caroliniana
Japanese Honeysuckle	Lonicera japonica
Joe-Pye Weed	Eupatorium dubium
Knapweed	Centaurea spp.
Marsh Fern	Thelypteris palustris
Meadowsweet	Spirea alba
Mixed pasture grasses	Family Graminae
Multiflora Rose	Rosa multiflora
Pin Oak	Quercus palustris
Poison Ivy	Toxicodendron radicans
Purple Loosestrife	Lythrum salicaria.
Pussy Willow	Salix discolor
Red Cedar	Juniperus virginiana
Red Maple	Acer rubrum
Sedge	Carex lurida
Sensitive Fern	Onoclea sensibilis
Silky Dogwood	Cornus amomum
Soft rush	Juncus effuses
Sphagnum Moss	Sphagnum spp.
Swamp Rose	Rosa palustris
Sweet Gale	Myrica gale
Twig-rush	Cladium mariscoides
Wild Black Cherry	Prunus serotina
Winterberry	Ilex verticillata
Woolgrass	Scirpus cyperinus

Only a single site visit was conducted on the Premises on a winter morning, therefore there is a limited likelihood that uncommon species or species present or visible during other portions of the year could be detected. The species list above represents those species detected during this visit, but should not be viewed as a complete inventory for the property.

No threatened or endangered species were detected on the Premises; however, several of the plant species observed (American holly and winterberry) are protected by the State's 'Christmas Greens Law' which prohibits removal without written permission from a landowner. ⁸ Coastal Oak-Holly forest, of which there is a small patch on Lot 21, is now considered rare to uncommon in the northeast, and is therefore a priority for

_

⁸ Section 2-15-12 of the General Laws in Chapter 2-15, Rhode Island General Assembly, 1989.

conservation. 9 All fauna detected were common species characteristic of field and deciduous shrub and forested swamp habitats. 10

The majority of the plants listed are also common and representative of the community types found on the Premises.¹¹ Wet meadow habitat on Lot 21 was particularly diverse, with a wide representation of native wetland flora. Much of the upland shrub habitat on Lots 41 and portions of Lot 27 was overgrown with invasive species, particularly multiflora rose and common privet. Species recognized as invasive by the Rhode Island Invasive Species Council are shown in bold in the list above.¹²

Although relatively few species were detected during the site visit, the natural communities present on the Premises and its position on the landscape, contiguous with large tracts of both wetland and agricultural habitat, make it very likely that the Premises are used by a wider variety of wildlife than listed here. Some of the other species that likely use the property given the available habitat include pond-breeding amphibians, a variety of medium and small mammals, bats and migratory songbirds.

_

⁹ Jackson, Jane. 2001. A Conservation Plan for Wetlands and Associated Natural Resource Areas in Little Compton and Tiverton, Rhode Island. The Nature Conservancy, Rhode Island Field Office, Providence, RI.

¹⁰ August, P. V., R. W. Enser, L. L. Gould. 2001. Vertebrates of Rhode Island: Volume 2 of The Biota of Rhode Island. Rhode Island Natural History Survey, Kingston, RI, USA.

¹¹ Gould, L.L., R. W. Enser, R. E. Champlin, I H. Stuckey. 1998. Vascular Flora of Rhode Island: Volume 1 of The Biota of Rhode Island. Rhode Island Natural History Survey, Kingston, RI, USA.

¹² Rhode Island Invasive Species Council, List of Invasive Plants, 2005.

Scenic, Historic, Educational, and Recreational Resources

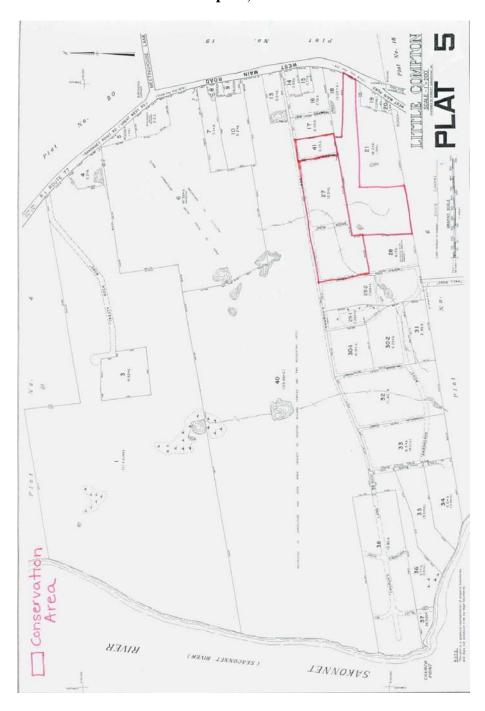
The Premises are scenic in nature and contain approximately 145 feet of frontage on West Main Road, a widely used public roadway. In addition, the Premises lie within the Tiverton Main Road Scenic Area, as designated by the State of Rhode Island. 13,14 Historic stonewalls, which are considered a valuable cultural resource in the region, are found throughout the property.

Human Made Features:

Human-made features on the property include the aforementioned stonewalls.

Rhode Island Geographic Information Systems, Scenic Area Datalayer, RIDEM, 1989.
 Rhode Island Geographic Information Systems, Greenways Datalayer, RIDEM, 1989.

Figure 1.
Little Compton Tax Assessor's Plat 5
Property
Little Compton, Rhode Island



11

Figure 2.
Class One Survey Plan
Property
Little Compton, Rhode Island

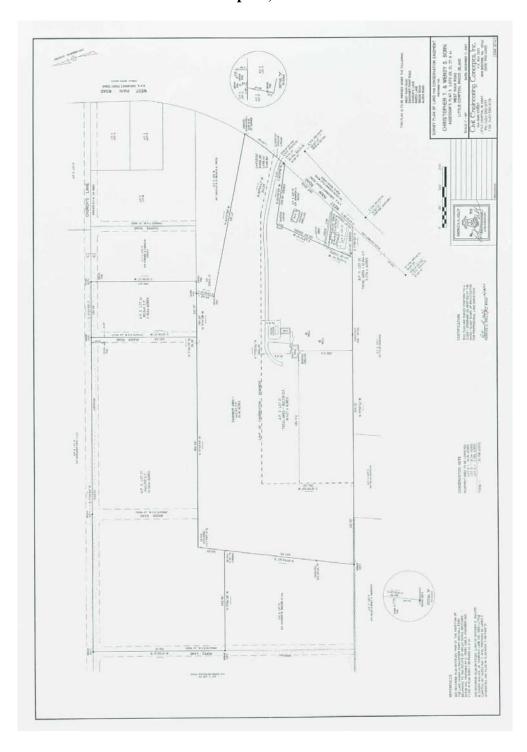
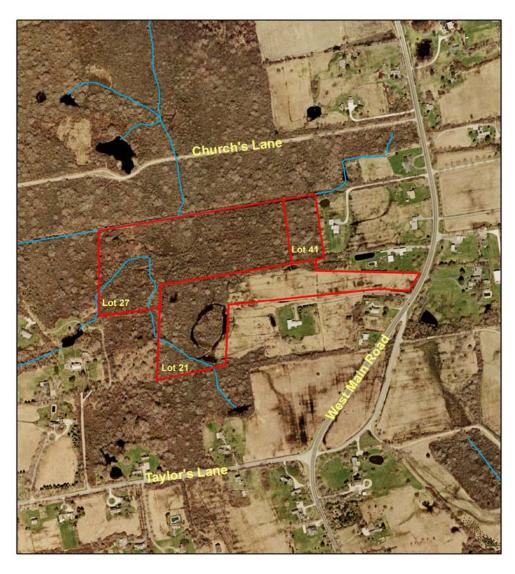


Figure 3.
Location Map
Property
Little Compton, Rhode Island



Figure 4.

Aerial Photo / Property Map
Property
Little Compton, Rhode Island





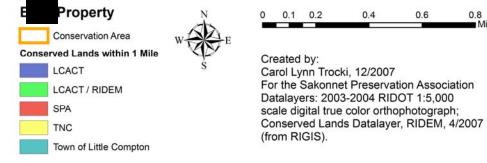


0	135	270	540	810	1,080
					Feet

Created by: Carol Lynn Trocki, 12/2007 For the Sakonnet Preservation Association Datalayers: 2003-2004 RIDOT 1:5,000 scale digital true color orthophotographs, stream datalayer (from RIGIS).

Figure 5. **Landscape Context Map** Property Little Compton, Rhode Island





0.8 ■Miles

0.6

Figure 6.
USGS Topo Map
Property
Little Compton, Rhode Island

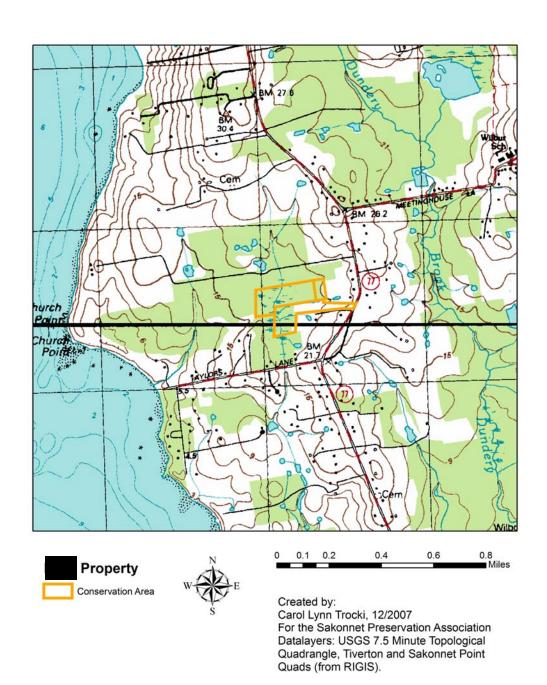


Figure 7. Soil Survey Map Property Little Compton, Rhode Island





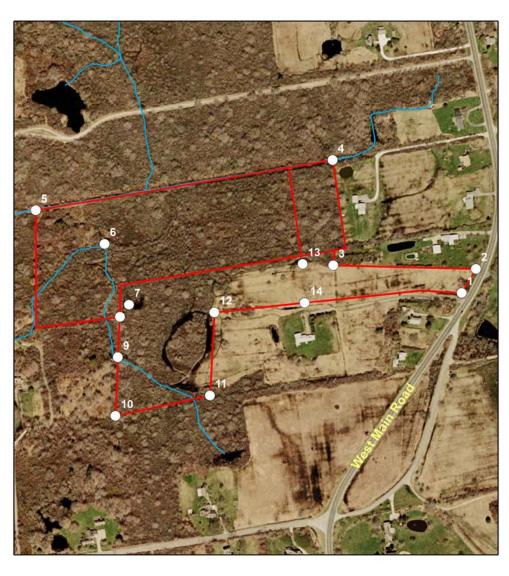


Created by:
Carol Lynn Trocki, 12/2007
For the Sakonnet Preservation Association
Datalayers: 2003-2004 RIDOT 1:5,000
scale digital true color orthophotographs,
RISSURGO datalayer, USDA-NRCS, 1996
(from RIGIS).

420

630

Figure 8.
Photo Point Location Map
Property
Little Compton, Rhode Island







0 85 170 340 510 680 Feet

Created by: Carol Lynn Trocki, 12/2007 For the Sakonnet Preservation Association Datalayers: 2003-2004 RIDOT 1:5,000 scale digital true color orthophotographs, stream datalayer (from RIGIS).

Photo Point Description Sheet Property Little Compton, Rhode Island

Photo	
No.	Photo Description
1A	Looking WSW along the southern boundary of the Conservation
	Area, alongside the driveway from the entrance near West Main
	Road.
1B	Looking NE along the boundary with West Main Road.
2	Looking SW across the wet meadow from the northeast corner of
	Lot 21 along West Main Road.
3A	Looking SW into wet meadow habitat within Lot 21.
3B	Looking N towards Lot 41.
4	Looking WSW along the stream that comprises the northern
	boundary of Lot 41.
5A	Looking ENE along the stream that comprises the northern
	boundary of Lot 27.
5B	Looking SE into Lot 27.
5C	Looking S along the western boundary of Lot 27.
6	Looking S within Lot 27.
7	Looking E across the small pond located in the northeast corner of
	Lot 21.
8A	Looking S along the western boundary of Lot 21.
8B	Looking W along the boundary of Lot 27.
9A	Looking N along the western boundary of Lot 21 from stream
	crossing.
9B	Looking E into the wooded portion of Lot 21 from the stream
	crossing on the western boundary.
10A	Looking NNE along the western boundary of Lot 21 from the SW
	corner.
10B	Looking ENE along the southern, wooded boundary of Lot 21.
	Note stone wall along boundary.
11A	Looking NE into Lot 21.
11B	Looking N along the boundary of the Conservation Area.
12A	Looking E into the marshy portion of Lot 21.
12B	Looking W into dense shrub wetland within Lot 21.
12C	Looking NNE along the shrub swamp and wet meadow interface
	within Lot 21.
13	Looking N along the boundary of Lot 41 and Lot 27 from Lot 21.
14A	Looking ENE along the southern boundary of the Conservation
	Area, along the driveway, towards West Main Road.
14B	Looking NW across wet meadow and marsh habitat within Lot 21.

Photographs Property Little Compton, Rhode Island



Looking WSW along the southern boundary of the Conservation Area, alongside the driveway from the entrance near West Main Road.

Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki

12/13/07



Photo 1B
Looking NE along the boundary with West Main Road.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07

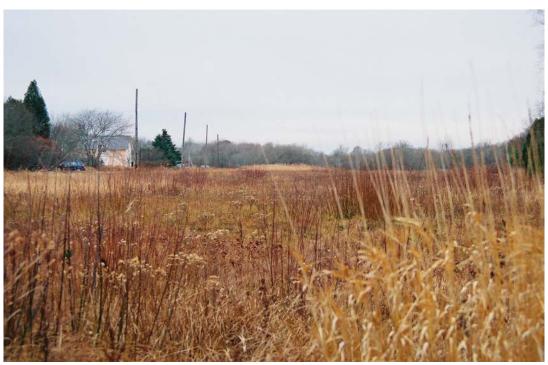


Photo 2
Looking SW across the wet meadow from the northeast corner of Lot 21 along West Main Road.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07



Photo 3A
Looking SW into wet meadow habitat within Lot 21.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07



Photo 3B
Looking N towards Lot 41.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07



Photo 4
Looking WSW along the stream that comprises the northern boundary of Lot 41.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07



Looking ENE along the stream that comprises the northern boundary of Lot 27.

Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki

12/13/07



Photo 5B
Looking SE into Lot 27.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07



Looking S along the western boundary of Lot 27.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07



Photo 6
Looking S within Lot 27.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07



Photo 7
Looking E across the small pond located in the northeast corner of Lot 21.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07



Photo 8A
Looking S along the western boundary of Lot 21.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07



Photo 8B
Looking W along the boundary of Lot 27.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07



Photo 9A
Looking N along the western boundary of Lot 21 from stream crossing.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07



Looking E into the wooded portion of Lot 21 from the stream crossing on the western boundary.

Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki

12/13/07



Photo 10A
Looking NNE along the western boundary of Lot 21 from the SW corner.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07



Looking ENE along the southern, wooded boundary of Lot 21.

Note stone wall along boundary.

Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki

12/13/07



Photo 11A
Looking NE into Lot 21.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07



Photo 11B
Looking N along the boundary of the Conservation Area.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07



Photo 12A
Looking E into the marshy portion of Lot 21.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07



Looking W into dense shrub wetland within Lot 21.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07



Photo 12C
Looking NNE along the shrub swamp and wet meadow interface within Lot 21.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07



Photo 13
Looking N along the boundary of Lot 41 and Lot 27 from Lot 21.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07



Photo 14A
Looking ENE along the southern boundary of the Conservation
Area, along the driveway, towards West Main Road.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07



Photo 14B
Looking NW across wet meadow and marsh habitat within Lot 21.
Photographed by Carol Lynn Trocki
12/13/07

CAROL LYNN TROCKI

95 Clinton Avenue, Jamestown, RI 02835 Phone: (401) 423-2633, E-mail: cltrocki@verizon.net

GRADUATE EDUCATION: UNIVERSITY OF RHODE ISLAND, KINGSTON, RI

- Master of Science in Environmental Science, Wildlife and Conservation Biology
- Thesis title: Patterns of salt marsh and farmland use by wading birds in southern Rhode Island.
- Degree Conferred: December 2003

UNDERGRADUATE EDUCATION: UNIVERSITY OF RHODE ISLAND, KINGSTON, RI

- Bachelor of Science, Environmental Science and Management, with highest distinction, May 1999
- Bachelor of Science, Secondary Science Education, with highest distinction, May 1999

RELEVENT Professional Experience:

Research Associate - URI Dept. of Natural Resources Science / US National Park Service 28 hrs/wk Jan 2006-current

• Develop biotic synthesis reports for northeast coastal parks to help inform management and prioritization efforts, beginning with Fire Island National Seashore

Contract Biologist - URI Dept. of Environmental and Natural Resources Economics, 2005-2007

- Involved in an innovative experimental market for ecosystem services, using hayfields as a demonstration
- Work with area farmers to better understand the effects of hayfield and cattle grazing on grassland nesting birds
- Conduct field surveys of breeding grassland bird on project area farm fields

Undergraduate Course Instructor – University of Rhode Island, Spring Semester 2005-current

• Teaching a junior-level course, Principles of Wildlife Management, within the Dept of Natural Resources Science

Conservation Biologist – Aquidneck Island Land Trust and assorted land conservation organizations Contract Basis, November 2004 - present

• Provide conservation value assessment of prospective properties; create Baseline Documentation Reports and design Management Plans for protected properties

Contract Research Associate - URI Dept. of Natural Resources Science / US National Park Service Approx 28hrs/wk, Jan. 2003–Dec. 2003; Variable, Jan. 2004 – 2007

- Developing coastal breeding bird monitoring protocol for Boston Harbor Islands National Park Area that uses volunteers for implementation (2007)
- Conducted mammal, reptile, and amphibian inventory in Boston Harbor Islands National Park Area (2005, 2006)
- Created a grassland bird conservation strategy for Saratoga National Historical Park, taking into account the Park's primary designation for historic purposes, current literature and best management recommendations, and park-specific history of research and management (2003 2005)
- Oversaw breeding season avian monitoring in the Northeast Temperate Network of the National Park Service: recruited, screened, and hired local point count surveyors at seven regional parks, created documentation of survey protocol and instructions, managed collected data, prepared final report (2003) and database documentation to NPS specifications (2004)
- Conducted breeding waterbird surveys in the Boston Harbor Islands National Park Area, managed collected data, collaborated on a manuscript outlining current and historic avian records from the park and providing specific recommendations for future management (2003, 2005-2007)

Avian Ecology Independent Contractor – US Environmental Protection Agency, Atlantic Ecology Division, May 2005-2007

• Involved in a collaboration between the USEPA National Health and Environmental Effects Laboratory and the Cornell Lab of Ornithology to examine the extent to which acid and mercury deposition interact, resulting in factors that influence avian population declines in the eastern US

Contract Biologist – US Geological Survey Pawtuxent Wildlife Research Center through Johnson Controls Inc. Approx 25hrs/wk, November 2004 - 2006

• Field sampling medium-sized mammals on Cape Cod National Seashore using a variety of methods for development of a monitoring protocol

Stewardship/Trail Manager (Conservation Biologist) - Aquidneck Island Land Trust (AILT) Full Time, Jan. 2004 – Nov. 2004:

- Created Baseline Documentation Reports and Management Plans; provided input and support in determining the conservation value of prospective properties; designed and implemented a strategic conservation mapping project to identify conservation priorities on Aquidneck Island
- Stewarded and managed AILT-owned properties and trail projects; conducted annual monitoring visits on all properties, managed volunteer monitoring program, and maintained positive landowner relations

Graduate Research Assistant - URI Dept. of Natural Resources Science

25-30 hrs/wk., Jan. 2001 - Dec. 2004

- Designed a research project to fill a critical information gap in the current understanding of the habitat needs of nesting wading birds in Narragansett Bay
- Monitored wading bird use of salt marshes in southern Rhode Island during the breeding and the post-breeding season (2001 and 2002)
- Used photo-interpretation and GIS to create habitat maps of coastal wetland study sites
- Acquired complete project funding through competitive small grants for field assistance and travel
- Mentored and supervised undergraduate field research assistants
- Provided management recommendations to organizations and agencies interested in preserving and restoring salt marshes and active agricultural lands for foraging wading bird use

Program Coordinator - URI Coastal Fellows Program

Full Time, May 1999-Jan. 2003

• Mentored undergraduate research and outreach fellows, developed student opportunities, monitored student progress, and evaluated program success; developed and team-taught an undergraduate fall seminar in the communication and presentation of scientific research and outreach projects

Research Assistant – URI Dept. of Natural Resources Science

Approx. 15 hrs/wk, Aug. 1999 - Jan. 2000

- Conducted shorebird surveys of three coastal ponds in southern Rhode Island
- Designed and carried out project protocol to meet Army Corps specifications, with a focus on habitat use by endangered species; responsible for data acquisition, entry and analysis, budget tracking, drafting final report and presentation

Field Research Assistant - URI Dept. of Natural Resources Science

30hrs/wk, May - Aug. 1999

- Conducted research on avian community structure at a recently restored salt marsh and adjacent natural site in Galilee, Rhode Island
- Preformed point count surveys, spot-mapping, nest searching, and tracking of color-banded birds throughout the breeding season to correlate bird use to habitat change occurring with restoration

COMMUNITY & VOLUNTEER ACTIVITIES

Rose Island Lighthouse Foundation, Board of Directors, April 2003 – present, Board President 2005-06 Conanicut Island Land Trust, Board of Directors, August 2005 – present Jamestown Conservation Commission, November 2004 –present Jamestown Farm Viability Committee, May 2003 - present

PEER REVIEWED PUBLICATIONS

Trocki, C. L. and P. C. W. Paton. 2006. Assessing habitat selection by foraging egrets in salt marshes at multiple spatial scales. Wetlands 26(2):307-312.

Trocki, C. L. and P. C. W. Paton. 2006. Comparison of two foraging habitats used by Glossy Ibis during the breeding season in Rhode Island. Northeastern Naturalist 13(1):93-102.

Paton, P. W. C., R. J. Harris, and C. L. Trocki. 2005. Distribution and Abundance of Birds during the Breeding Season in Boston Harbor. Northeastern Naturalist. 12 (Special Issue 3):145-168.

TECHNICAL PUBLICATIONS

Trocki, C. L. and P. C. W. Paton. August 2007. Study Design for Assessing the Effects of Knapweed Control on Grassland Birds at Saratoga National Historic Park. Natural Resources Report NPS/NER/NRR – 2007/015. National Park Service. Northeast Region. Boston, MA.

Trocki, C. L., N. W. Talancy, and P. C. W. Paton. August 2007. An Inventory of Amphibians, Reptiles, Nonvolant Mammals, and Select Bird Species on Islands in Boston Harbor. Technical Report NPS/NER/NRTR – 2007/094. National Park Service. Northeast Region. Boston, MA.

Trocki, C. L. and P. C. W. Paton. March 2005. Developing a Conservation Strategy for Grassland Birds at Saratoga National Historical Park. Natural Resources Report NPS/NER/NRR—2005/004. National Park Service. Boston, MA.

Trocki, C. L. and P. C. W. Paton. December 2003. Avian Surveys in the Northeast Temperate Network Parks. Technical Report NPS/NER/NRTR – 2005/004. National Park Service. Woodstock, VT.

Trocki, C. L. Patterns of Salt Marsh and Farmland Use by Wading Birds in Southern Rhode Island. Master of Science Thesis – University of Rhode Island. 2003.