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Statewide Climate Resilience Action RIEC⁴ Strategy

RHODE ISLAND

Workshop Agenda

- Climate Resilience Action Strategy Update 25 Minutes
- Strategy Q & A 10 Minutes
- Resilience Action Workshop 35 Minutes
 - Project examples and studies we should know about
 - Identify priority actions/investments by Natural System Asset Type
 - Report out



STATEWIDE CLIMATE RESILIENCY **ACTION** STRATEGY



Wealth of reports completed to date

EC4 Science and Technical Advisory Board (2017)



RIEC⁴

RHODE ISLAND

Temperatures in Rhode Island have increased by more than 3°F since the beginning of the 20th century. 2016 was the warmest year on record globally.

18.50

Over the past 50 years, the surface water temperature of Narragansett Bay has increased 2.5-2.9°F. Winter water temperatures in the Bay have increased even more (2.9 -3.6 °F).

Sea levels have risen 10 inches in RI since 1930 (Newport tide gauge). Updated NOAA predictions (Jan. 2017) put sea level rise in RI at close to 1 ft. by 2030 and upwards of 9 ft. by 2100. CHURCH INSTITUTE

Intense rainfall events in New England have increased 71% since 1958. RI's average annual precipitation has increased more than 10 inches since 1930.

What's at Risk



15,380 active flood insurance policies covering over \$3.8 billion in residential and commercial property



 337 miles of state and municipal roadway are vulnerable to flooding in a 100 yr. storm surge event



 19 wastewater treatment facilities, all located in coastal or riverine flood zones



 Salt marshes provide recreational and commercial fishing activities with an estimated of \$6,417 an acre. Coastal wetlands generate \$2 billion annually.



RHODE ISLAND

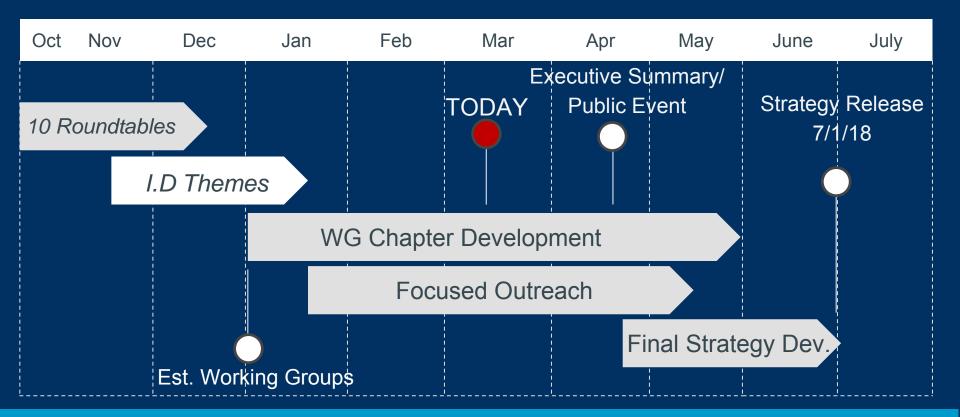
How are we defining Climate Resilience? Climate Resilience is the capacity of individuals, institutions, businesses, and natural systems within Rhode Island to survive, adapt, and grow regardless of chronic stresses and weather events they experience.

Statewide Climate Resilience Action Strategy

- Identify and prioritize resiliency actions and investments in response to the impacts caused by climate change that affect our communities, infrastructure and economy
- Catalyze the planning and vulnerability studies already developed
- Position Rhode Island as a national leader in resiliency action and create a better prepared Ocean State



Climate Resilience Action Strategy Timeline





Statewide Resiliency Roundtable Series

10 Roundtables over 2.5 months

350 Attendees

35% Municipal Planners/Staff
25% Environmental Orgs
15% Community Orgs (Chambers, Faith-based groups, Historic districts)
10% Business Owners
10% State agency employees
5% Residents

Representation from 35 of 39 Cities and Towns



"The statewide strategy needs to recognize that municipalities are on the front lines of dealing with the impacts of a changing climate"

"Rhode Island has done a lot of planning and vulnerability studies, this strategy needs to drive investment where it's needed most" *"We are glad you ventured to the inland communities for the Roundtable discussion as we often feel left out of the process since we aren't on the coast"*

"How are we going to pay for all these needed infrastructure upgrades?"

What we learned

- Clear communication matters
- There is a tremendous amount of work already underway
- Municipalities are on the front lines of climate adaptation planning
- Statewide climate adaptation investments require collaboration and new ways of working



Resiliency Themes "Prioritize to Optimize"

- Critical Infrastructure Assets
 Clean Water, Roads and Bridges
- Utilities

Drinking Water, Electric Grid

Natural Systems

Coastal & Upland

- Emergency Response and Preparedness
- Local Community Resilience / Education
- Paying for Climate Resilience Projects



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"Alberta Island by a leader. We're the only state with as otherors wind farm, and wains committed to upholdin the principles of the Parts Gilmate Agreement. By appressively working to combat climate change and protect our counter atele from da effecta, we're creating a stronger, safer, and ner Rhode Island f future generalitane."

HOME / RESILIENT RHODY

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nd in collaboration with bosiness, academic, and notprofit pariners, with the mission to develop statewate Circuite Newtones Action Studegy to be autorelied to the Ecolemic by July 1, 2018.

The gave of the Strategy to to startify actions - e.g. prosects, obtained and independent, funding and mending opportunities, etc. - that the state can take to better prepare for a changing climate. Haate Manders invisioning the impacts of climate change in car communities areasty, and the lares to take action is now. So the actions included in the Strategy prioritize things we can begin work on new

Resiliency Roundtables

These investments will leverage the schemine north this many amount the state, from environmental organizations to academic institutions to state againties. News already been doing I Numberary Noordifables across the state, to taken to total and regional histoirs, learn what has been done, and hear that priorities for local ultrate realisings in the future.





Municipal Picanners/Staff 35 10 222 UNPEAR 25 Environmental Organizations Intragianal the state, we leverd many consents, both coestal and optand. Here are purhipped lakeaveys from tress mutstable mechags, which we used to stage the man "The statewide strategy needs to recognize that municipalities are on the front lines of dealing with the Impects of e changing cilmete" "Rhode Island has done a lot of planning and volnerability studies. this streteov needs to drive Investment where it's needed most* "We are glad you ventured to the Inland communities for the Roundtable discussion as we often feel left out of the process since we aren't on the coast" "How are we going to pay for all these needed infrestructure upprades7"

Residents

State Agency Employees

Rusiness

Owners







Strategy Outline & Chapter Leads

- 1. Making the Case for Climate Resilience: EC4, Science and Technical Advisory Board (STAB)
- 2. Critical Infrastructure and Utilities: RIDEM, OHCD, RIEMA
 - Water RIDEM, WRB
 - Power OER, DPUC
 - Transportation RIDOT, SPP
 - Food GOV, RIDEM
- 3. Natural Systems: CRMC, DEM
 - Coastal CRMC
 - Upland RIDEM
- 4. Emergency Preparedness: RIEMA
- 5. Community Resilience: RIDOH
- 6. Financing Climate Resilience Projects: RIIB



Chapter 3: Natural Systems

Coastal: CRMC Asset types:

Q.

Beaches and Barriers Salt Marshes Upland: *DEM* Asset types: Forests Surface Water

Action and Investment Time Horizons

NOW	Projects and processes that can be accelerated now with existing resources			
2-5 Years	Actions and investments are identified but missing a critical resource, such as funding or permit			
10 Years	Actions and investments are identified but multiple project components need to be developed			



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Actions Matrix

Coastal or Upland	Municipality	Asset Type (1 of 4)	Action	Description	Timeline (1 year, 2- 5, 5-10)	Cost (high, med, low)	Lead
Examples							
Coastal	Westerly		Misquamicut State Beach replenishment & dune restoration	84000 cubic yards of sand, restored dunes along ~2.5 miles of developed shoreline, enhanced dunes in front of State and Town beaches and 71 private properties	1	\$4.1 million	Town of Westerly, ACOE
Upland	Hopkinton	Forgete		30 acres, adjacent to Rockville Management Area	1	\$132,000	RI Department of Environmental Management (DEM)
Completed							
Proposed							

Natural Systems

Coastal Asset Types: Beaches and Barriers Salt Marshes

Upland Asset Types

Forests

Surface Water